



**DEBINDING AND SINTERING STUDY OF  
INJECTION MOULDED M2 HIGH SPEED STEEL  
USING BINDER WASTE PLASTIC BINDER  
SYSTEM**

**MUHAMAD FAKHRUL IZAT BIN ABDULLAH  
(2013818904)**

**BACHELOR OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING  
(MANUFACTURING) (HONS.)  
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA (UiTM)  
JULY 2016**

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

First and foremost, all praises be to God, the Almighty, for giving me the health and strength to complete my Final Year Project, and only with His blessing and guidance, I am able to get all the necessary information and guidance to complete my Final Year Project course.

I would like to express my deepest appreciation to all those who provided me the possibility to complete this report. A special gratitude I give to my final year project advisor, Mrs ROSNIZA BINTI RABILAH, whose contribution in stimulating suggestions and encouragement, helped me to coordinate my project especially in writing this thesis.

In this acknowledgement, I would like to say thank you to my associate supervisor, Dr Mohd Afian bin Omar who give me guideline, knowledge and guidance in order to complete my final year project. Besides that, I would like to thank all the staff members in AMREC SIRIM such as Ms Rosliza, Mr Bakri, Mr Azmiruddin, Mr Jabir, and Mr Zahid for their kindness in helping my research.

Last but not least, special thanks to my family and friends that had supported me mentally and physically throughout completing my final year project. None of it would have been possible without them. Finally, I apologized to all other unnamed, who helped me in various ways for me to complete my thesis

## ABSTRACT

Metal injection molding (MIM) is an effective way for producing small and complex-shape components in high production rate. Selection of binder and its removal in debinding process is a crucial stage in MIM process. In this study, the debinding and sintering characteristics of injection molded M2 HSS using plastic binder system has been investigated. The feedstock been formulated with 65vol% using M2 HSS with the binder contain of 55wt.% paraffin wax, 35wt.% thermoplastic waste plastic and 10wt.% stearic acid. Then, the moulded part was immersed in the n-haptane at the temperature 60°C in order to remove paraffin wax and stearic acid. The parts were rest at in the oven to make sure it completely dried. The result shows shrinkage occurred during solvent extraction. The effect of binder has been investigated. The sintering in vacuum atmosphere carried out in temperature range 1200°C - 1260°C. The soaking times for sintering are 10 minutes, 30 minutes and 60 minutes. The shrinkage occurred after sintering is about 14% compared before sintering. The sintered density is obtained about 8.11g/mm<sup>3</sup> from the temperature 1220°C to 1260°C. The optimum strength get from temperature 1240°C with the value 3300MPa to 3500MPa. The effect of sintering temperature and soaking time has been discussed. This study investigated the physical and mechanical properties of sintered samples such as density, hardness, strength and elongation.

## TABLE OF CONTENT

<b>CONTENT</b>	<b>PAGES</b>
PAGE TITLE	i
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	ii
ABSTRACT	iii
TABLE OF CONTENT	iv
LIST OF TABLE	viii
LIST OF FIGURE	iv
LIST OF ABBEREVIATION	xii

## **CHAPTER 1                      INTRODUCTION**

1.1 Background	1
1.2 Problem statement	4
1.3 Objectives	4
1.4 Scope of projects	5
1.5 Organizational Of Reports	5

## **CHAPTER 2**

## **LITERATURE REVIEW**

2.1 Introduction To Metal Injection Molding (MIM)	6
2.2 Metal Powder	8
2.3 Binder System	9
2.3.1 Paraffin Wax	10
2.3.2 Stearic Acid	11
2.3.3 Thermoplastic Waste Plastic (TPWP)	12
2.4 Injection Molding Process	13
2.5 Debinding Process	14
2.6 Sintering Process	15

## **CHAPTER 3**

## **METHODOLOGY**

3.1 Introduction	17
3.2 Selection of Metal Powder and Binder System	19
3.3 Debinding Process	19
3.3.1 Solvent Bending	20
3.4 Sintering Process	22
3.5 Characterization Of Sintered Part	23
3.5.1 Elongation and Shrinkage	23